DEVELOPMENT OF THE BEIJING-TIANJIN-HEBEI ECONOMIC REGION

YU Hong & BO Zhiyue

EAI Background Brief No. 564

Date of Publication: 24 September 2010

Executive Summary

- 1. The Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei Economic Region (Jing-Jin-Ji) has benefited from strong Chinese government support and experienced rapid economic growth over the last ten years. In 2008, it accounted for 11% of total national GDP, surpassing that of the Pearl River Delta (PRD) for the first time.
- 2. The central government anticipates that the Jing-Jin-Ji region will follow the examples of the coastal PRD and Yangtze River Delta (YRD) regions and develop into a globally competitive region in Asia.
- 3. Jing-Jin-Ji region's economic growth is mainly driven by domestic investment and consumption. Public infrastructure investment has been an important driving factor for the development of this region.
- 4. The Beijing Olympic economy has a large spillover effect on the industrial and economic growth of the Jing-Jin-Ji region, fueling the long-term growth of this region.
- 5. The Jing-Jin-Ji region has spent more on research and development (R&D) and shown stronger capability in technological innovation than the other regions. The high-tech industries have shown fast growth in this region over the last few years. This has helped the Jing-Jin-Ji region to weather the global economic downturn.
- 6. An economy led by high-tech industry has gradually emerged in the Tianjin Binhai New Area (TBNA), with the development of aviation at the core. The rapid development of TBNA with high-tech industry taking the lead has boosted the economic growth of the Jing-Jin-Ji region despite the global economic crisis of 2008.

- 7. The TBNA is expected to enjoy economic leverage similar to that of Shenzhen Special Economic Zone in the PRD and Shanghai Pudong New Area in the YRD.
- 8. The economic influence of this region is expected to increase as there are abundant human resources and a well developed infrastructure. Nevertheless, although the outlook for the next decade is promising, water shortage could threaten the sustainability of the region's socio-economic development.
- 9. Also, the industrial linkages within the Jing-Jin-Ji region are loose and weak. The lack of industrial cooperation has resulted in duplicated developments and 'cut-throat' style competition.