## THE TAIWANESE IDENTITIES: DEVELOPMENT AND CHALLENGES

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## **Executive Summary**

- 1. The Taiwanese identity has been singled as the underlying factor in social events such as the Sunflower Movement in March 2014 and the anti-textbook guideline revision protest in 2015. It is still evolving, reacting according to situational impacts.
- Politics remains a weighing factor with varying influences in different periods.
   During the Kuomintang (Nationalist Party or KMT) authoritarian regime (1949 to late 1990), it dictated the process of identity construct.
- 3. After democratisation, the supremacy of "politics" in identity construct began to fade. It nevertheless remains a decisive factor.
- 4. In the 1990s, the unification-independence issue was in transformation and was often referred to as the China factor.
- 5. The budding consciousness of a new identity construct, wrought by economic achievement and democratic reform, became the foundation of an inclusive Taiwan consensus.
- 6. Due mainly to escalating tensions in the Taiwan Strait, the China factor has become a threat after the People's Republic has amassed substantial national power.
- 7. Policy efforts by the Democratic Progressive Party (DPP, 2000-2008) government, such as history education, had also revived anti-Chinese theme in the identity construct. This manipulation has led to the mutilation of the Chinese cultural part in Taiwan's education system.
- 8. Particularities of the Taiwanese identity are characterised by the gap between subjective aspiration (to become a sovereign state) and objective reality (the reality that it is impossible for this sovereign state to represent China in the international

- community). This gap has driven the Taiwanese people to adopt varying approaches to different scenarios.
- 9. While "politics" has always played a weighing role, its relations with other non-political factors have entered a stage of incorporative symbiosis after 2008.
- 10. Major parties, the KMT and DPP, encountered challenges posed by this newly formed identity in various dimensions ranging from domestic governance, ruling legitimacy and the Taiwan issue.